09704968

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:40:13 ON 18 MAR 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:40:21 ON 18 MAR 2004 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
0 S L1 L1

L2 L3 28 S L1 SSS FULL

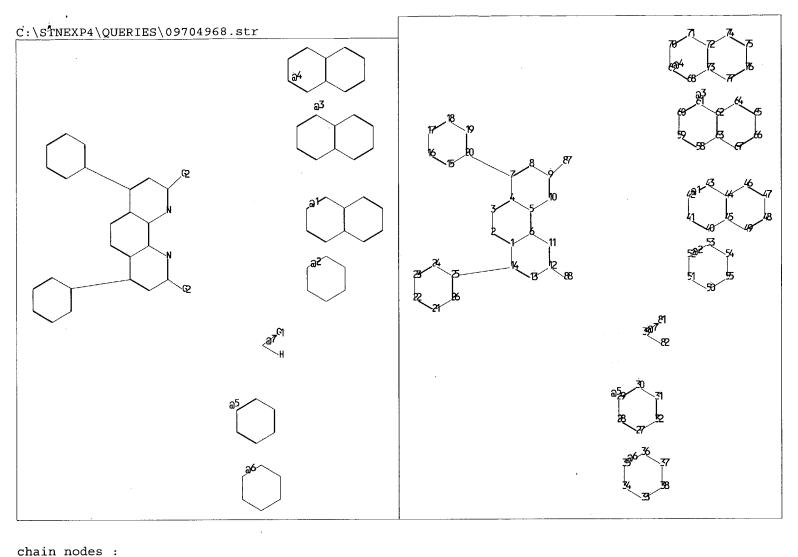
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:42:25 ON 18 MAR 2004

L4

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:42:52 ON 18 MAR 2004

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:43:31 ON 18 MAR 2004

12 S L4 NOT (CADMIUM OR ZINC OR COPPER) L5



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39 81 82
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                   88
ring nodes :
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   75
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           77
chain bonds :
               12-88 14-25 39-81 39-82
   7-20 9-87
ring bonds :
             1-14 2-3
                        3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 5-10 6-11 7-8 8-9
                                                                  9-10 11-12
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    1-2 1-6
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    68-69
          68-73
exact/norm bonds :
                       33-38 34-35 35-36 36-37 37-38 39-81 50-51 50-55 51-52 52-53
    9-87 12-88
                33-34
          54-55
    53-54
exact bonds :
   7-20 14-25
                39-82
normalized bonds :
                                      5-6 5-10 6-11 7-8 8-9
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    1-2 1-6 1-14
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                                            72-73 72-74
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                                                                  74-75 75-76
                 68-73 69-70 70-71 71-72
                                                                                76-77
    66-67
          68-69
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G1:CH3,[*1],[*2],[*3],[*4]

G2:[*5],[*6],[*7]

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:Atom 26:Atom 27:Atom 28:Atom 29:Atom 30:Atom 31:Atom 32:Atom 33:Atom 34:Atom 35:Atom 36:Atom 37:Atom 38:Atom 39:CLASS 40:Atom 41:Atom 42:Atom 43:Atom 44:Atom 45:Atom 46:Atom 47:Atom 48:Atom 49:Atom 50:Atom 51:Atom 52:Atom 53:Atom 54:Atom 55:Atom 58:Atom 59:Atom 60:Atom 61:Atom 62:Atom 63:Atom 64:Atom 65:Atom 66:Atom 67:Atom 68:Atom 69:Atom 70:Atom 71:Atom 72:Atom 73:Atom 74:Atom 75:Atom 76:Atom 77:Atom 81:CLASS 82:CLASS 87:CLASS 88:CLASS

=> d 1-12 bib abs hitstr

ANSWER 1 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

2003:930086 CAPLUS AN

139:388305 DN

High-efficiency organic electroluminescent devices containing naphthacene and/or anthracene derivatives

Ara, Kensuke; Inoue, Tetsuji; Ogawa, Hiromitsu ΙN

TDK Corporation, Japan PA

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 258 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1					
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	JP 2003338377	A2	20031128	JP 2003-65672	20030311
PRAI	JP 2002-65472	A	20020311		
OS	MARPAT 139:38830	5			
7 D	The derriage she	wing h	igh purity of	emission color ha	V P

The devices, showing high purity of emission color, have electron-transporting layers containing naphthacene and/or anthracene derivs. and electron-injecting layers which may contain phenanthroline derivs. (Markush given). The devices may have host-guest emission layers containing naphthacene derivs. as the host materials satisfying dipole moment ≤1.0 debye.

IT 625121-77-9

RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses) (electron-injecting layers; high-efficiency organic LED containing naphthacene and/or anthracene derivs. as carrier transporters)

625121-77-9 CAPLUS RN

1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 2 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1.5
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ΑN 2003:874705 CAPLUS

139:371627

Electroluminescent materials based on metal complexes bearing a quadridentate pyridine-based ligand for use as emissive dopants in organic light-emitting devices

Che, Chi-Ming

PA

Peop. Rep. China U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 14 pp. SO

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent English I.A

FAN.CNT 1

APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE 20031106 US 2002-137272 20020501 PΙ US 2003205707 A1 US 6653654 20031125 B2 WO 2003-CN221 20030327 WO 2003093283 A1 20031113 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
-137272 A 20020501

PRAI US 2002-137272 Α

MARPAT 139:371627 OS

Electroluminescent layers in a heterostructure organic light-emitting device are described which comprise at least a host material and an emissive mol., present as a dopant in the host material, where the emissive mol. is selected from metal complexes bearing a quadridentate ligand containing at least one pyridine or substituted pyridine group. Methods for the preparation of the light-emitting materials are discussed and yellow-emitting electroluminescent devices employing the materials are demonstrated.

553677-75-1P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (electroluminescent materials based on metal complexes bearing quadridentate pyridine-based ligand prepared using)

RN

553677-75-1 CAPLUS
Phenol, 2,2'-(4,7-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline-2,9-diyl)bis- (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

IT553677-79-5

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (electroluminescent materials based on metal complexes bearing quadridentate pyridine-based ligand prepared using)

RN 553677-79-5 CAPLUS

1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(2-methoxyphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

```
ANSWER 3 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L5
```

2003:758034 CAPLUS ΆN

139:283131 DN

TΙ Rhenium compounds for an organic electroluminescent device

Christou, Victor; Watkins, Scott Edward IN

Isis Innovation Limited, UK PA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DTPatent

LA FAN.CNT 1

English

PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE WO 2003-GB1189 20030317 WO 2003079737 20030925 PΙ A2

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,

CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

PRAI GB 2002-6169

A 20020315

An organic electroluminescent device is described which comprises a compound having a skeleton (I): which skeleton can comprise ≥1 addnl. aromatic rings, wherein each of Z and Z', which may be the same or different, represents a N-containing aromatic ring such that the Z and Z' rings either together form a conjugated system, optionally with ≥1 addnl. aromatic rings, or ≥ 1 of Z and Z' form a conjugated system with ≥ 1 addnl. aromatic rings to which Z and Z' is attached, with the proviso that, (a) when the 2 said rings are pyridyl rings and are connected to 1 another $\,$ ortho to the N atoms then (i) ≥ 1 said ring is substituted by ≥1 electron withdrawing substituent which is a hydrocarbon aryl group or (ii) ≥1 said ring is fused to another aromatic ring to which the other pyridyl ring is not fused or (iii) the 2 said rings together form a phenanthroline ring system which is substituted by ≥ 1 electron withdrawing substituent which is in the 2, 4, 5, 6, 7 or 9position, or (b) the 2 said rings are such that either (i) ≥ 1 of them contains ≥1 further N atom or (ii) they are fused to another aromatic ring which contains ≥ 1 N atom, and X represents an anionic or neutral coligand.

IT 606093-24-7P

RL: DEV (Device component use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (preparation and IR and luminescence and NMR spectra and electrochem. redox and electroluminescent device of)

RN 606093-24-7 CAPLUS

CN Rhenium, tricarbonylchloro $\{4,7-\text{diphenyl-2},9-\text{bis}[3-(\text{trifluoromethyl})\text{phenyl}]-1,10-\text{phenanthroline-}\kappa\text{Nl},\kappa\text{Nl0}]-(9CI)$ (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Ph & \\ \hline & N & C \equiv 0 \\ \hline & N & C \equiv 0 \\ \hline & O \equiv C \\ \hline & C1 \end{array}$$

IT 606093-20-3P

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)

(preparation and IR and luminescence and NMR spectra and electrochem. redox of) $\ensuremath{\mathsf{C}}$

RN 606093-20-3 CAPLUS

CN Rhenium, tricarbonylchloro(2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl-1,10-phenanthrolineκN1,κN10)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Ph & Ph \\ \hline & N & C = 0 \\ \hline & N & C =$$

IT 606093-23-6P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and IR and luminescence and NMR spectra and electrochem. redox of)

RN 606093-23-6 CAPLUS

CN Rhenium, tricarbonylchloro[4,7-diphenyl-2,9-bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-1,10-phenanthroline- κ N1, κ N10]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 605686-78-0P 605686-80-4P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and NMR and reaction with rhenium pentacarbonyl chloride)

RN 605686-78-0 CAPLUS

RN 605686-80-4 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 4,7-diphenyl-2,9-bis[3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl](9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 51786-73-3

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction with rhenium pentacarbonyl chloride)

RN 51786-73-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2003:246946 CAPLUS

DN 139:94233

TI Structural, photophysical, and electrophosphorescent properties of platinum(II) complexes supported by tetradentate N2O2 chelates

AU Lin, Yong-Yue; Chan, Siu-Chung; Chan, Michael C. W.; Hou, Yuan-Jun; Zhu, Nianyong; Che, Chi-Ming; Liu, Yu; Wang, Yue

CS Department of Chemistry and HKU-CAS Joint Laboratory on New Materials, The University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong SAR, Peop. Rep. China

SO Chemistry--A European Journal (2003), 9(6), 1263-1272 CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539

PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DT Journal

LA English

OS CASREACT 139:94233

The authors present an examination of the structural and photophys. characteristics of [PtL] (H2L = 2,9-bis(2'-hydroxyphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline (1), 6,6'-bis(2''-hydroxyphenyl)-4,4'-bis(tert-butyl)-2,2'-bipyridine (2)) that are tetradentate relatives of the quinolinolato (q) ligand. These neutral derivs. display high thermal stability (>400° in N2). While the crystal lattice in 1 consists of (head-to-tail)-interacting dimers, mols. of 2 are arranged into infinitely stacked planar sheets with possible $\pi-\pi$ interactions but no close Pt...Pt contacts. Complexes 1 and 2 exhibit moderately intense low-energy UV/visible absorptions around λ = 400-500 nm that undergo neg. solvatochromic shifts. Both derivs. are highly luminescent in solution at 298 K with emission lifetimes in the μs range, and mixed $3[1 \rightarrow \pi^*(diimine)]$ (1 = lone pair/phenoxide) and 3[Pt(d) $\rightarrow\pi^*$ (diimine)] charge-transfer states are tentatively assigned. The excited-state properties of 2 are also studied by time-resolved absorption spectroscopy and by quenching expts. with pyridinium acceptors to estimate the excited-state redox potential. These emitters were employed as electrophosphorescent dopants in multilayer OLEDs. Differences between the brightness, color, and overall performance

of devices incorporating 1 and 2 are attributed to the influence of the diimine substituents.

553677-75-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and complexation with platinum)

RN

553677-75-1 CAPLUS
Phenol, 2,2'-(4,7-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline-2,9-diyl)bis- (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

553677-79-5P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reactant for preparation of bis(2'-hydroxyphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline)

553677-79-5 CAPLUS RN

1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(2-methoxyphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 52 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L_5
ΑN
    2001:747696 CAPLUS
```

135:311013 DN

Write-once optical record medium TΙ

Oyamada, Mitsuaki; Iwamura, Takashi; Tamura, Shinichiro IN

PΑ Sony Corporation, Japan

PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp. SO

CODEN: PIXXD2

DТ Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE 20010403 WO 2001-JP2903 PΙ WO 2001074600 A1 20011011 W: CN, JP, KR, US RW: AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR EP 2001-917814 20010403 EP 1199184 A1 20020424 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, FI, CY, TR US 2002-9108 20020422 20021017 US 2002150837 A1 PRAI JP 2000-100948 Α 20000403

WO 2001-JP2903 W 20010403 OS MARPAT 135:311013

G1

$$\mathbb{R}^3$$
 \mathbb{N}
 \mathbb{R}^4
 \mathbb{R}^2
 \mathbb{R}^2

AB A write-once optical record medium comprises a record layer and a light-transmitting protective layer formed in order on a support, and recording and reproduction are performed by irradiating the light-transmitting protective layer with a laser beam of a wavelength of 380-450 nm, wherein the wavelength \(\lambda\)max at which the light absorption coefficient of the record layer reaches a peak is \(\lambda\)max<370 nm. The recording layer contains a compd selected from 4,4'-diaminobiphenyls, tris(4-aminophenyl)amines, fullerenes, and I \(\text{RI-4} = (un)\)substituted Ph, naphthyl, biphenyl\(\text{}\). The recording medium shows excellent read-out stability.

IT 51786-73-3

RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses) (write-once optical recording medium containing)

RN 51786-73-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L_5
    2001:338138 CAPLUS
AN
DN
    134:346298
TΙ
    Organic electroluminescent device
    Kijima, Yasunori; Shibanuma, Tetsuo; Asai, Nobutoshi; Tamura, Shinichiro
IN
    Sony Corporation, Japan
PA
SO
    Eur. Pat. Appl., 54 pp.
    CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                     KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
    EP 1097981
                           20010509
                                          EP 2000-123744
                                                           20001031
РΤ
                      A2
                          20030924
    EP 1097981
                      АЗ
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
```

JP 2001135482 A2 20010518 JP 1999-312070 19991102 US 6524728 B1 20030225 US 2000-705192 20001102

PRAI JP 1999-312070 A 19991102

OS MARPAT 134:346298

GΙ

Organic electroluminescent devices are described in which a portion (e.g., a hole-blocking layer) contacting the emission region contains a bathophenanthroline derivative are described by the general formula I (X and Y = independently selected H, (un)substituted alkyl, (un)substituted cycloalkyl, (un)substituted aryl, (un)substituted amino, halogen, nitro, cyano, or hydroxyl groups with the restrictions that a H or Me group may not be provided at the 2 or 9 positions and that at least one of the groups is contained at an arbitrary position).

IT 51786-73-3 338732-41-5 338732-42-6 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

(organic electroluminescent devices with bathophenanthroline derivative hole-blocking layers) $\,$

RN 51786-73-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338732-41-5 CAPLUS
CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(2-methylphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338732-42-6 CAPLUS
CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
L5
    ANSWER 7 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2001:338137 CAPLUS
     134:346297
DN
     Bathophenanthroline compound and process for preparing same
TI
    Shibanuma, Tetsuo; Kijima, Yasunori; Asai, Nobutoshi; Tamura, Shinichiro
IN
PA
     Sony Corporation, Japan
so
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 64 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND
                           DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                                           EP 2000-123668
                                                            20001030
    EP 1097980
                            20010509
PΊ
                       Α2
     EP 1097980
                       АЗ
                            20030924
        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO
                            20010515
     JP 2001131174
                                           JP 1999-312071
                                                            19991102
                      A2
```

$$\mathbb{R}^1$$
 \mathbb{N} \mathbb{R}^2

MARPAT 134:346297

PRAI JP 1999-312071

OS

GΙ

- AB Bathophenanthroline compds. are described by the general formula I (R1 and R2 = independently selected linear, branched, or cyclic (un)saturated (un)substituted hydrocarbon groups provided that ≥1 of R1 and R2 has ≥2 carbon atoms; or R1 and R2 = independently selected (un)substituted aryl groups). Methods for preparing the compds. are described which entail carrying out a nucleophilic substitution reaction between bathophenanthroline and an appropriate organolithium compound The compds. may be used as organic layers (e.g., charge transport layers) in electroluminescent devices.
- IT 338732-41-5P 338732-42-6P 338734-79-5P 338734-81-9P 338734-82-0P 338734-83-1P 338734-84-2P 338734-86-4P 338734-87-5P 338734-88-6P

Α

19991102

RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (bathophenanthroline derivs. and their preparation and use in electroluminescent devices)

RN 338732-41-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(2-methylphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338732-42-6 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(2,6-dimethylphenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338734-79-5 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-di-1-naphthalenyl-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338734-81-9 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 4,7-diphenyl-2,9-bis(phenylmethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338734-82-0 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-dicyclohexyl-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338734-83-1 CAPLUS
CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 338734-86-4 CAPLUS
CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(8-methyl-1-naphthalenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

338734-87-5 CAPLUS RN

1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(2-methyl-1-naphthalenyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

338734-88-6 CAPLUS

1,10-Phenanthroline, 4,7-diphenyl-2,9-bis(1-phenylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX

ANSWER 8 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

1994:22551 CAPLUS ΑN

DΝ 120:22551

Lithium ion-selective electrodes based on 1,10-phenanthroline derivatives ТΙ

Sugihara, Hideki; Okada, Tatsuhiro; Hiratani, Kazuhisa Natl. Inst. Mater. Chem. Res., Higashi, 305, Japan

CS

Analytical Sciences (1993), 9(5), 593-7 SO CODEN: ANSCEN; ISSN: 0910-6340

DT Journal

English LA

The preparation of 1,10-phenanthroline derivs. and 4,7-diphenyl-1,10-AΒ phenanthroline derivs. as neutral carriers for ion-selective electrodes and the properties of the title electrodes are described in detail. A log KLi, NaPot value of -3.1 was obtained for a Li+-selective PVC membrane electrode based on 2,9-dibutyl-1,10-phenanthroline. This value is superior to those reported so far. The electrodes also showed excellent selectivity coeffs. for Li+ relative to K+, Mg2+, and Ca2+. The effects of substituents at the 2- and 9-positions of the carriers on the selectivity are discussed.

51786-73-3P 151862-67-8P ΙT

RL: PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and NMR and comparison of, as neutral carrier in lithium ion-selective electrode)

51786-73-3 CAPLUS RN

1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

151862-67-8 CAPLUS RN

1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,9-bis(1-methylpropyl)-4,7-diphenyl- (9CI) (CA CN INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 9 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L5

1993:658750 CAPLUS ΑN

DN 119:258750

Luminescence of rhenium(I) complexes with highly sterically hindered TIα-diimine ligands

Zipp, Arden P.; Sacksteder, LouAnn; Streich, Julie; Cook, Andrew; Demas, ΑU J. N.; DeGraff, B. A.

Chem. Dep., State Univ. New York, Cortland, NY, 13045, USA CS

SO Inorganic Chemistry (1993), 32(24), 5629-32

CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669 DT

Journal

LΑ English

Several new ReL(CO)3py+ (py = pyridine, L = substituted phen) complexes AΒ were synthesized; they form easily, exhibit excellent luminescent properties and show promise as sensors. The O2 quenching consts., luminescence temperature variations, and metal-ligand charge-transfer state energies were investigated. Ph substituents can be used to tune excited-state properties in useful ways and in the 4-, 7-, and 5-positions should make attractive intercalative DNA binders.

ΙT 151269-14-6

RL: PRP (Properties)

(luminescence lifetime and spectra and charge-transfer excited states of)

RN 151269-14-6 CAPLUS

Rhenium(1+), tricarbonyl(pyridine)(2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline-N1,N10)-, (OC-6-33)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} Ph & Ph \\ \hline N & Ph \\ \hline N & Re + C = 0 \\ \hline C = 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

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L5
    ANSWER 10 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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ΑN 1983:179244 CAPLUS

DN 98:179244

Direct synthesis of disubstituted aromatic polyimine chelates TI

Dietrich-Buchecker, C. O.; Marnot, P. A.; Sauvage, J. P. ΑU

Inst. Chim., Univ. Louis Pasteur, Strasbourg, 67000, Fr.

Tetrahedron Letters (1982), 23(50), 5291-4 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DТ Journal

LA English

CASREACT 98:179244

Treatment of 1,10-phenanthroline with alkyl- or aryllithiums, followed by hydrolysis and rearomatization with MnO2 gave 2,9-disubstituted products in high yield. E.g., treatment of 1,10-phenanthroline with PhLi in 3:1C6H6/Et2O followed by hydrolysis and MnO2 oxidation gave 2,9-diphenyl-1,10phenanthroline in 70% yield. The method was extended to other aromatic polyimines, e.g. 2,2'-bipyridine.

IΤ 51786-73-3P

> RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, by direct regiospecific phenylation)

RN 51786-73-3 CAPLUS

1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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L_5
    ANSWER 11 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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ΑN 1974:95913 CAPLUS

DN 80:95913

TΙ 1,10-Phenanthroline derivatives

Zak, Bohumil ΙN

SO Czech., 3 pp. CODEN: CZXXA9

DT Patent

Czech T.A

FAN.CNT 1

DAMENIM NO	KTMD	DAME	A D D T T C A M T C V V C	DAME
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI CS 150747	В	19730917	CS 1971-3494	19710812
PRAI CS 1971-3494		19710812		

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

The title compds. I (R1, R3 = H, Me, Ph; R2, R4 = H, Me) were prepared by condensation of R1CH: CR2COR3 with o-phenylenediamine (II) or 4,5-dimethyl-1,2-phenylenediamine (III). E.g., 1.46 kg II was treated with 4 kg PhCOCH:CHMe in HCl solution at $90-100^\circ$ to give 500 g 2,9-dimethyl-4,7-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline. Analogously, III reacted

with MeCH: CHCHO and CH2: CMe(OEt)2 to give, resp., 2,5,6,9-tetramethyl- and 3,5,6,8-tetramethyl-1,10-phenanthroline.

TT 51786-73-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)

RN 51786-73-3 CAPLUS

CN 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 12 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ΑN 1956:48773 CAPLUS 50:48773 DN OREF 50:9422f-i,9423a-e Substituted 1,10-phenanthrolines. VIII. 2- and 3-Phenyl derivatives Case, Francis H.; Sasin, Richard Temple Univ., Philadelphia, PA CS Journal of Organic Chemistry (1955), 20, 1330-6 SO CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263 ÐΤ Journal Unavailable LA cf. C.A. 49, 10959h. Glycerol (18.4 g.) added to 11 g. 8-amino-2-phenylquinoline (I), 9 g. H3AsO4, 24 cc. concentrated H2SO4, and 8 cc. AB H2O at 100°, the mixture heated 2 hrs. at 140°, cooled, neutralized with NaOH, and the dried precipitate extracted with boiling C6H6 gives 23.4% 2-phenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, m. 104°. Adding 16 g. PhCH:CHCHO to 14.6 g. I, 18 g. H3AsO4, and 40 cc. 85% H3PO4 at 100° at such a rate that the temperature does not rise above 120° , heating the mixture 2 hrs. at 120-35°, pouring it onto ice, and neutralizing it with KOH gives 1.2 g. 2,9-diphenyl-1-10-phenanthroline, m. 185-6° Refluxing 63 g. HOCPh(CH2Cl)2 and 56 g. anhydrous NaOAc in 85 cc. absolute EtOH, pouring the mixture onto ice, extracting with Et2O, and distilling the residue of the Et20 extract gives 32.5 g. crude HOCPh(CH2OAc)2, bl0 150-60°, which (32 g.), added slowly to 13.5 g. o-O2NC6H4NH2, 13.5 g. H3AsO4, 42 cc. concentrated H2SO4, and 12 cc. H2O with stirring below 120°, and the mixture heated 2 hrs. at 120-30°, poured onto ice, made alkaline, and extracted with C6H6 gives 1.2 g. 8-nitro-3-phenylquinoline (II), m. 110-20°. II is also obtained in 3.5-g. yield from a suspension of 9 g. paraformaldehyde in 55.2 g. of a 50% solution of PhCH2CHO in EtOH added to 13.8 g. o-O2NC6H4NH2, 11.5 g. H3AsO4, and 10 g. anhydrous ZnCl2 in 200 cc. concentrated HCl, and the mixture worked up in the usual way. Adding 6.5 g. Fe powder to 10.5 g. II in 100 cc. 50% AcOH at 60°, heating the mixture 1 hr. on a steam bath, neutralizing it with NaOH, and extracting with Et2O gives 7.5 g. 8-amino-3-phenylquinoline (III), m. $74-5^{\circ}$ (Ac derivative, m. $147-8^{\circ}$). Adding 3.8 cc. acrolein to 5.8 g. III, 8 g. H3AsO4, and 40 cc. 85% H3PO4 at 100° and heating the mixture 1 hr. at 100° gives 1.7 g. 3-phenyl-1,10-phenanthroline (IV) [monopicrate (IVa), m. 221-2°; mono-HCl salt, prepared from IVa, m. 210-11°]. Keeping 43.2 g. 8-aminoquinoline, 57.6 g. EtO2CCHPhCHO (V), and 2 drops AcOH 3 days in a vacuum desiccator, adding the oil formed to 300 cc. refluxing Dowtherm A (VI), and refluxing it 2 hrs. gives 42% 4-hydroxy-3-phenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, m. $235-6^{\circ}$ which (10.88 g.), refluxed 3 hrs. with 20 g. PCl5 in 30 cc. POCl3, gives 25.9% 4-Cl analog, m. 149-50°; 4-Br analog (VII), prepared similarly with PBr3, 22.3%, needles, m. 158-9°. Reduction of 3 g. VII with 1 g. Raney Ni in 10 cc. 10% NaOH and 50 cc. absolute EtOH 2 hrs. gives IV, bl 235-8° (picrate, m. 221-2°). Treating 10.8 g. o-C6H4(NH2)2 with 38.4 g. V and 2 drops AcOH 3 days in a vacuum desiccator, and refluxing the oil formed in 300 cc. VI 12 hrs. gives 33.5% 4,7-dihydroxy-3,8-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, m. 337-8°, which, treated with PCl5-POCl3, yields 26.7% 4,7-di-Cl analog, m. 235-6°; 4,7-di-Br analog (VIII), 18.4%, m. 240-1°. Reduction of 2.5 g. VIII with Raney Ni gives 59% 3,8-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, m. 190-1°. Keeping 22.2 g.

ΙT

RN

8-amino-6-phenylquinoline, 19.2 g. V, and 2 drops AcOH 3 days in a vacuum desiccator and refluxing the reaction product in VI gives 29.3% 4-hydroxy-3,5-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, m. 248-9°. Adding slowly 15 g. BzCH2CH2Cl to 13.5 g. 8-amino-4-phenylquinoline, 17 g. H3ASO4, and 57 g. 85% H3PO4 at 100° and heating the mixture 2 hrs. at 120° gives 58.8% 4,7-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline (IX), m. 216-17°, which is also obtained in 16.8% yield by a Yale-type Skraup reaction (C.A. 42, 2976a). Adding 0.6 of a PhLi solution (from 1.1 g. Li and 14 g. PhBr) in 50 cc. Et2O to 3.5 g. 4,7-dimethyl-1,10-phenanthroline (X) in 75 cc. C6H6 in a N atmospheric, distilling off the Et2O, refluxing the C6H6 solution 3 hrs., adding 15 cc. PhNO2, distilling off the C6H6, heating the mixture 4 hrs. at 100°, and removing the PhNO2 by steam distillation gives 33% 4,7-dimethyl-2,9-diphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, m. 259-60°. In a similar experiment with X replaced by IX, 29.3% 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl-1,10-phenanthroline, m. 318-19°, is obtained. 51786-73-3, 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl(preparation of) 51786-73-3 CAPLUS 1,10-Phenanthroline, 2,4,7,9-tetraphenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)